

Sheriff

HARFORD COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE OPERATIONS POLICY

Traffic Citations

Distribution:	All Personnel	Index:	OPS 0904	
Responsible Unit:	Special Operations Division - Traffic	Rescinds:	OPS 0904 dated 7/15/19	
DLI Program:		MD Code:	See reference	

Issued: 12/22/21	1	Reviewed:	10/20/21	Next Review:	10/20/24
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1. Purpose

To provide deputies with guidance when issuing traffic-related charging documents.

2. Policy

Deputies will issue traffic citations in accordance with Maryland law and Harford County Sheriff's Office (HCSO) policy.

3. Definitions

CITATION: a written charging document issued by law enforcement ordering the violator to appear before a judge to defend against the stated charge; in certain cases, the violator may take other action (e.g., prepayment of a fine) to avoid the need to appear in court; the violator is required to sign a citation to acknowledge receipt.

4. References

FINE OF PENALTY DEPOSIT SCHEDULE (DC/CR-90).

MD. CODE ANN., TRANSP. §§ 26-201-§ 26-203.

5. Procedures

A. Authorization

1. The issuance of traffic citations and summonses is authorized by TRANSP. § 26–201.

B. Completing the Citation or Summons

1. Hand-Written Citation

- a. Deputies who are not equipped with or trained in E-TIX must issue a hand-written, Maryland Uniform Complaint and Citation.
- b. Instructions for completing the citation are in the <u>DC/CR-90</u>, <u>Fine of Penalty Deposit Schedule</u>, issued by the District Court.
- c. All handwritten traffic citations, traffic warnings, repair orders and parking citations must be submitted within 72 hours.

2. Electronic Summons

- a. Deputies who have completed the appropriate training and are issued the equipment will use E-TIX to issue traffic summonses, warnings, and Safety Equipment Repair Orders.
- b. E-TIX is designed to ensure that all required information is included based on the type of document that is being issued.

C. Issuing the Summons

1. When a summons is complete, the deputy must issue the appropriate copies of the document to the violator.

2. For a hand-written citation:

- a. TRANSP. §26-203 requires the violator's signature on the citation in certain instances.
- b. The signature is not an admission of guilt; it is an acknowledgement of receipt and an agreement to comply with the terms in the citation.
- c. If a violator refuses to sign a citation, the deputy will inform the violator that refusal to sign may result in arrest; the arrest is discretionary, not mandatory, however if an arrest is made for refusing to sign the citation when required, a citation for the refusal will be issued.
- d. After obtaining the required signatures for each citation, the deputy must issue Copy #4 (Return to Court Copy) and Copy #5 (Defendant's Copy) to the violator.

3. For an electronic summons:

- a. Violators are not required to sign a summons issued via E-TIX.
- b. Deputies still have discretion to arrest the violator should they have reason to believe the violator will disregard the summons.

4. Equipment Malfunctions

- a. Deputies must not submit an E-TIX stop more than once.
- c. Deputies must not issue a hand-written citation once an electronic stop has been submitted.
- d. If a deputy is unable to print an electronic summons after it has been submitted due to equipment malfunction, the deputy will:
 - i. Request that another deputy, trooper, or officer equipped with E-TIX respond to the scene to print the summons from another computer;
 - Request that the violator respond to the precinct and print the summons there;
 - iii. Print the summons later and personally deliver it to the violator; or
 - iv. Only if the other options were unsuccessful, print the summons and send it to the violator via certified mail.

D. Informing the Violator

- 1. When issuing a summons, the deputy must inform the defendant:
 - a. Of each charge;
 - b. Of the method and timeline for complying with the summons;
 - c. Whether or not a court appearance is mandatory (i.e., "must appear" violations);
 - d. That court dates are scheduled automatically through the Maryland Automated Traffic System and must be requested by the violator; and
 - e. Of any other pertinent information regarding the stop.
- 2. The instructions on how to comply with the summons are listed on the summons itself.
- E. Arrest for Traffic Offenses
 - 1. TRANSP. §§ 26-202 and 26-203 lists the circumstances in which a deputy may arrest a violator for a traffic violation.
 - 2. The violator must be immediately taken before a District Court commissioner.
 - 3. In general, Miranda warnings must be provided prior to questioning violators who are:
 - a. Arrested for traffic violations; or
 - b. Otherwise in custody, which means generally whether a reasonable person in that situation would have felt free to end their interaction with police and leave.

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DATE 11 4 2021